Natural Family Planning (NFP) Methods vs. Contraception

Methods	Possible Side Effects	% Effectivess Avoiding Pregnancy		Harmful to Future Fertility	Responsible for Use
Natural Family Planning	Only method of FP that can be used to achieve/avoid pregnancy	Perfect Use †	Typical Use▲		Fosters Communication
Billings Ovulation Method - mucus based	None	98	90	No	Man and Woman
Creighton Model Fertility Care System - mucus based	None	99.5	96.8	No	Man and Woman
Couple to Couple League (CCL) - symptothermal, mucus & temperature based	None	99.4	98.2	No	Man and Woman
Marquette Model - mucus & electronic fertility monitor based	None	98	93	No	Man and Woman
Barrier Methods*					
Condom	Allergic reaction or irritation.	98	82	No	Man
Diaphragm	Allergic reaction or irritation, Sometimes difficult to remove.	94	88	No	Woman
Vaginal Spermicides*					
Creams, Gels, Suppositories	Allergic reaction or irritation.	82	72	No	Woman
Sterilization Surgeries*					
Tubal Ligation	Surgery may be complicated by bleeding and/or infection. Increased rate: hysterectomy, ectopic pregnancy, painful periods.	99.5	99.5	Yes	Woman
Vasectomy	Surgery may be complicated by bleeding and/or infection. May increase risk of prostate cancer.	99.9	99.8	Yes	Man
Intrauterine Device (IUD) * **					
Affects sperm motility/survival and affects the lining of the uterus and prevents the implantation of the early human life in the uterus; requires replacement every 10 years.	Heavy, irregular or painful menses; painful intercourse; infection; ectopic pregnancy; perforation of the uterus.	99.4	99.2	Possible	Woman
Hormonal Contraception (2 hormones) - Pill, Patch, Vaginal Ring					
*Contraceptive: Suppresses ovulation (the release of an egg). If ovulation occurs, the sperm may be prevented from reaching the egg because of thickened cervical mucus. **Abortifacient: if ovulation occurs (2-29% of cycles) and conception occurs, the hormones act by preventing the implantation of the early human life in the uterus.	Common: breast tenderness/cysts, depression, weight gain, headaches, irregular bleeding. Less Common: increased risk of breast cancer, liver tumors, stroke, heart attack, blood clots, elevated blood pressure.	99.6	91	May Delay	Woman
Hormonal Contraception (1 hormone = Progestin only)					
*Contraceptive and **Abortifacient: works like the combination hormonal contraception,	but breakthrough ovulation occurs more frequently				
Implanon (Implant in skin) replacement required every 3 years; breakthrough ovulation can occur after 30 months (3% between 30-36 months)	Irregular bleeding; acne; weight gain; headaches; depression; vaginal dryness.	99.9	99.9	May Delay	Woman
Mirena (IUD with hormone) replacement required every 5 years; breakthrough ovulation 45% at 1 year and 75% at 4 years		99.8	99.8	May Delay	Woman
Progestin only Pill (breakthrough ovulation 33-65%)		99.6	91	May Delay	Woman
Depo-Provera (injection every three months) breakthrough ovulation can occur but incidence not known	See above; delays return of normal ovarian function by average of 8 months after last shot; decrease in bone density	99.7	99.7	Delays	Woman
		undated 12/202	2		

Conception: union of sperm and egg; the beginning of human life

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Credit:

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^{*}Contraceptive: prevents conception

^{**}Abortifacient: agent that ends human life after conception has occurred

[†] Perfect Use: method taught and practiced correctly

ATypical Use: method taught and/or practiced with some inconsistency